

1. Power
2. Sustainability
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## Power

There are two main ways that we are able to measure electrical energy:

- \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

These two ways of measuring out electrical energy is related to the \_\_\_\_\_ output by the load. \_\_\_\_\_ is the \_\_\_\_\_ that \_\_\_\_\_ is used by a load.

- Electrical power is measured in watts (W) or kilowatts (kW)
  - o 1 kW = 1000 watts

Appliances all have a power rating (the rate that they use energy).

**Table 3.2 Typical Power Ratings of Appliances**

Appliance	Typical Power Rating (kW)
Clock	0.0050
Clothes dryer	5.0
Washing machine	0.50
Coffee maker	1.0
Computer	0.20
Dishwasher	1.8
Freezer	0.34
Microwave oven	1.5
Toaster	1.1
Vacuum (portable)	1.6

Example:

- Lightbulb: 100 W
- Iron: 1000 W

If we compare the power rating of a light bulb and an iron that is on for the same length of time, the iron will use \_\_\_\_\_ more energy.

### Kilowatt-hours

Electrical energy used by an appliance over a period of time is measured in \_\_\_\_\_ (kWh). We can find this quantity by first looking at the power rating of the appliance and by measuring the amount of time the load has been used.

Example: If you used a 1.8 kW dishwasher for 2.0 hours, how many kilowatt-hours of electrical energy would you have used?

Example: If a 1600 W vacuum has been turned on for 30 minutes, how many kilowatt-hours of electrical energy would have been used?



In our homes and in buildings, we are able to measure the amount of electrical energy used by using a \_\_\_\_\_. A smart meter is able to measure how energy use changes in a building over the course of a day.

## Sustainability

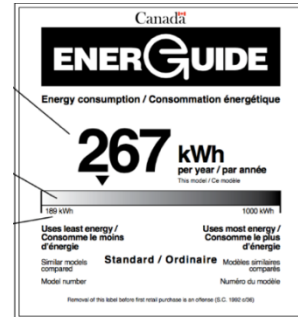
Many appliances that we buy are able to tell us how much energy it uses through two labels:

- \_\_\_\_\_ labels
- \_\_\_\_\_ ® label

What is the EnerGuide label?

This is a label that gives details about the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ that an appliance uses during \_\_\_\_\_ of normal use

- Large number: Shows how much energy is used in one year of normal use
- Shaded bar: Shows how the appliance compares with similar ones on the market
- Numbers on the shaded bar: Gives a range of efficiency for yearly energy use

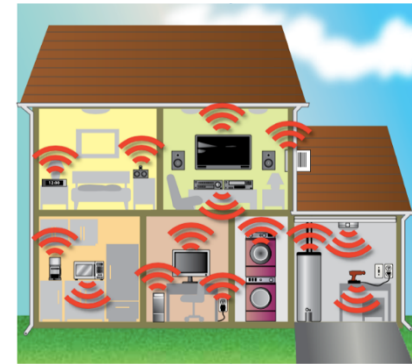


What is the ENERGY STAR ® label?

This is a label that is located on appliances. It tells us if a product is an \_\_\_\_\_ appliance. Appliances with this label use \_\_\_\_\_ energy compared with a standard product in the same category.

In our homes, we may have appliances that continue to use energy even if it is not on. This is called a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A phantom load occurs when \_\_\_\_\_ energy is being \_\_\_\_\_ on a device when it is turned \_\_\_\_\_
- Appliances in stand-by mode (TVs, computers) are actually “on” and have phantom loads
- Phantom loads account for about 900 kWh of energy use each year in the average home



In order to save energy, unplug your devices when not in use!

### Practice Questions:

1. If a 2000 W dishwasher has been turned on for 45 minutes, how many kilowatt-hours of electrical energy would have been used?
2. Explain how electrical energy can be used by an electric toothbrush that is plugged in but is not running

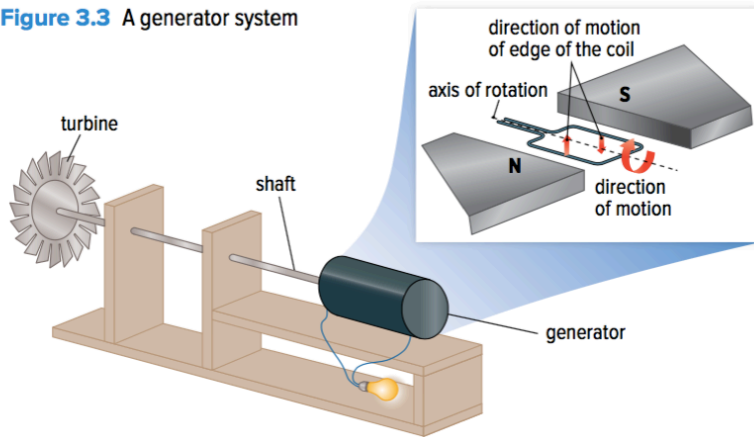
# Generating Electrical Energy

How do we generate electrical energy through sustainable ways?

In order to generate electrical energy, most stations will use a \_\_\_\_\_. A generator system is composed of three main parts:

- \_\_\_\_\_: steam, water, or wind will cause the turbine to spin
- \_\_\_\_\_: The shaft connects the turbine to the generator; if the turbine spins, the shaft spins
- \_\_\_\_\_: Kinetic energy from the shaft is transformed into electrical energy in the generator

Figure 3.3 A generator system



In BC, much of our energy is supplied through \_\_\_\_\_ energy.

- \_\_\_\_\_ station: will use the kinetic energy from the water as it flows downhill to turn a turbine in order to generate electrical energy

Water flowing through a dam spins giant turbines, which spin a generator to produce electrical energy.



- \_\_\_\_\_ station: water flowing freely in a river turns a turbine

Other ways of generating electrical energy:

- \_\_\_\_\_: kinetic energy of the wind is transformed into electrical energy as the wind moves the turbine of the generator system
- \_\_\_\_\_: Photovoltaic cells within the solar panel transform solar energy into electrical energy. The solar energy is absorbed by the electrons in the photovoltaic cells which allows them to flow.
- \_\_\_\_\_: Steam from the Earth's crust can be used to turn turbines in the generator system.

