

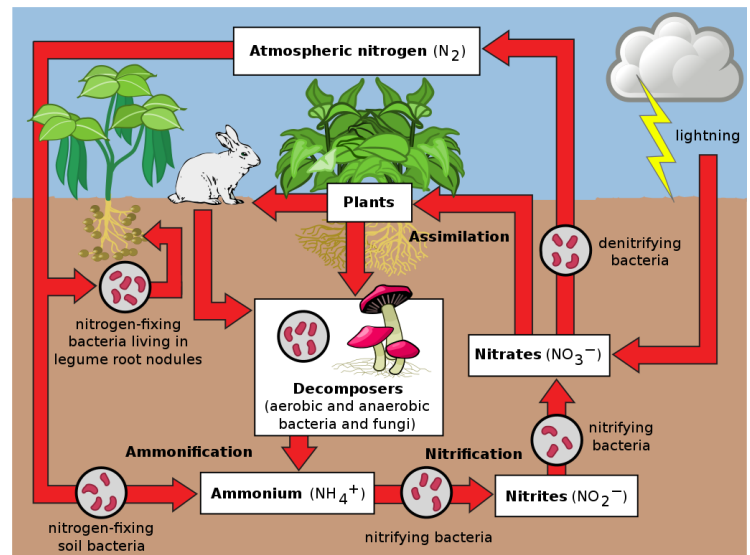
1. Nitrogen Cycle
2. Phosphorus Cycle

## Nitrogen Cycle

\_\_\_\_\_ is an important nutrient needed by all \_\_\_\_\_; it is a key building block for \_\_\_\_\_. Nitrogen makes up \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_, however, most living things cannot use the nitrogen found in the air. \_\_\_\_\_, located in the water and soil, \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_ in the \_\_\_\_\_ ( $N_2$  gas) into a form that plants are able to use (ammonium, nitrite, and nitrate). Once nitrogen is taken up by a plant, it then can be transferred to other organisms through the \_\_\_\_\_. Nitrogen will \_\_\_\_\_ back into the \_\_\_\_\_ once an organism is \_\_\_\_\_ through the help of decomposers.

\_\_\_\_\_ can also help nitrogen go into the soil for plants to take up. When lightning occurs, the \_\_\_\_\_ breaks the \_\_\_\_\_ molecules and allows its molecules to \_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_. This will dissolve in rain to form nitrates which will then be carried onto the Earth.

\_\_\_\_\_ can also occur where nitrate is converted back into nitrogen gas; this will return nitrogen back into the \_\_\_\_\_. This process is done by \_\_\_\_\_.



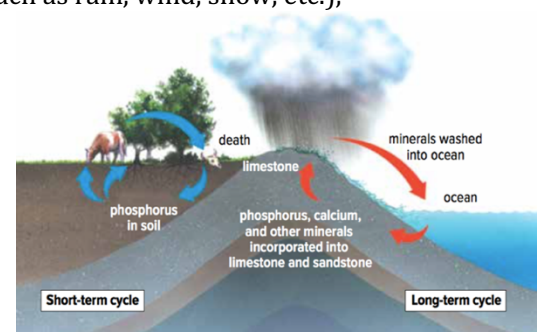
### Practice Questions:

1. Give an example of how nitrogen moves from an abiotic portion of the environment to a biotic portion
  
2. Why are bacteria an important part of the nitrogen cycle?

## Phosphorus Cycle

\_\_\_\_\_ is an essential nutrient for the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ of organisms. Phosphorus is \_\_\_\_\_ in the \_\_\_\_\_. Rocks from underground can be brought to the surface through \_\_\_\_\_. When \_\_\_\_\_ is broken down by \_\_\_\_\_ (such as rain, wind, snow, etc.), phosphorus is released into the soil and water.

\_\_\_\_\_ and plant-like organisms can take up the phosphorus which is then transferred to other organisms through the food chain. \_\_\_\_\_ can then \_\_\_\_\_ the phosphorus into the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ as they break down organisms. Phosphorus is the only cycle that is \_\_\_\_\_ present in the \_\_\_\_\_.



## Excess Nitrogen and Phosphorus

### How have humans impacted the nitrogen and phosphorus cycle?

\_\_\_\_\_ is commonly found in \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_. When fossil fuels are burned, excess nitrogen oxide enters into the atmosphere.

\_\_\_\_\_ is commonly found in \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_. It is also a common ingredient of \_\_\_\_\_.

When fertilizers are used by farmers and gardeners to help plants grow, some of the nitrates (present in fertilizers) and phosphorus is not used by the plants. When it \_\_\_\_\_ or when the plants are watered, some of the nitrogen and phosphorus can be carried into the \_\_\_\_\_. This has caused a phenomenon called an \_\_\_\_\_ which results when there is an excess amount of nitrogen and phosphorus that causes an \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.

An algal bloom will cause a chain reaction of events to occur in the aquatic ecosystem:

- Algae is located on the surface of the water. When an overgrowth of algae occurs on the surface of the water, it \_\_\_\_\_ from reaching the deep water.
- This will result in deep-water plants getting no sunlight which will prevent them from being able to \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ in the water.
- When these plants die, \_\_\_\_\_ will be able to break down these plants which will cause the decomposer population to grow quickly and use all of the oxygen present in the water.
- As oxygen is used up, \_\_\_\_\_ that require oxygen to survive will not have enough and \_\_\_\_\_ off.

