Science 9 **Physics Practice Test**

Name: Date: Block:

This practice test is designed to help you determine what concepts you DO know and more importantly what concepts you DO NOT know!

Go through the practice test THREE times:

(1) On your own

(2) With your notes

(3) With another student







Each time, if you cannot answer a question, draw a circle around it to identify that you should review this concept when preparing for the test.

True or False: Identify the following statements as true or false. If FALSE, rewrite the UNDERLINED word(s) with the correction

1	Electrical potential difference is often called <u>voltage</u> and measured in <u>volts</u>
2	Electrons flow from the <u>cathode (positive terminal)</u> to the <u>anode (negative terminal)</u>
3	A <u>charged</u> material has an equal distribution of positive and negative charges
4	A copper wire is an example of an <u>insulator</u>
5	Water, geothermal, and wind are examples of <u>renewable</u> (<u>sustainable</u>) energy
Multiple Choice: Cl	noose the BEST answer
6. The part of a the	complete circuit that converts electricity into other forms of energy is known as

- a. Control
- b. Resistor
- c. Load
- d. Source

	f the following is NOT a requiren	nent for an electric circ	uit?
a.	A continuous pathway		
b.	A switch		
c.	A conductor		
d.	A source		
	llowing circuit diagram, the batt That is the current through the c	•	and the resistor has a resistance
	=		
а	0.67 A		
	3 A		
	1.5 A		
	72 A		
u.	72 A		
9. A narallo	el circuit has three 5 V loads. Wh	at is the total voltage a	cross each of the loads in the
circuit		at is the total voltage a	or one cach or the rough in the
	5 V	C.	1.67 V
	15 V		0.6 V
10. Which	of the following materials has th	e lowest conductivity?	
a.	Plastic	C.	Water
b.	Copper	d.	Glass
	of the following best describes tl The electrons take one of sever		ons around a series circuit?
b.	The electrons give up equal am the circuit	ounts of energy as they	pass through each branch of
		annan anunan than anun	whome also in the singuit
	The clastrons follow the same	•	
u.	The electrons follow the same J	Jaul al bullu tile til tult	
•	sed a 4000 W dish washer for 0	75 hours, how many k	ilowatt-hours of electrical
٠.	would you have used?		
	2.5 kWh		
	3.0 kWh		
	4.5 kWh		
a.	5.0 kWh		

Completion

1.	An arrangement of electrical components through which electrons follow an unbroken path is known as a	Light Series Switch	Heat Circuit Resistance	
2.	You can start and stop the current around a circuit by inserting	a	into the circ	uit
3.	he of a material is the property that determines how difficult it is to force			
	an electric current through the material			
4.	When electrons have only one possible route and can follow only one path, the circuit is called a			
	circuit			
5.	5. Electrical devices convert electrical energy into other forms of energy, such as			
	and			
Short	Answers			
1.	. Explain the relationship between negative charges, positive charges, electrons, and protons. Describe what sometimes happens in terms of charges when you rub two different types of materials together			
2.	What is a purpose of a load?			
3.	Why is it important to wire a home with a circuit where all load	ls are connecte	ed in parallel?	

Word Bank

4.	Draw a circuit diagram with three lightbulbs connected in series, a switch, a battery, and a voltmeter measuring the voltage across the battery. Use arrows to indicate the direction of current flow.
5.	An electric motor has a resistance of 185Ω . It is connected to a power source that has a potential difference of 120 V. Calculate the current that flows through the motor. Show your work, and make sure your final answer has the appropriate units!
6.	What is electrical power and how is it measured?
7.	What information does a smart meter relay to the utility company?
8.	If a family goes away on vacation, why might electrical energy still be consumed in their home?