

# Molarity/Dilutions Worksheet

Name:

Date:

Block:

## 1. Molarity Problems – Find the missing value.

<i>Chemical</i>	<i>Mass</i>	<i>Volume</i>	<i>Molarity</i>
a) $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$	16.0 g	50.0 mL	_____
b) HCl	143.28 g	_____	4.25 M
c) $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$	_____	150.0 mL	3.00 M

## 2. Dilution Problems

- (a) 110.0 mL of 3.00 M sulfuric acid has 25.0 mL of water added to it. What is the resulting concentration of the solution? (*2.44 M  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$* )
- (b) How much water must be added to 50.0 mL sample of 18.0 M nitric acid to give a resulting concentration of 0.250 M? (*3550 mL  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$* )

- (c) Barium nitrate is purchased as a 17.0 M concentration. Explain how you would prepare 500.0 mL of a 5.00 M solution. (*147 mL H<sub>2</sub>O*)
- (d) If 25.0 mL of 4.0 M HNO<sub>3</sub> solution is diluted to a volume of 600.0 mL, what will be the molarity of the diluted solution? (*0.17 M HNO<sub>3</sub>*)
- (e) What initial volume of 18 M hydrochloric acid is required to make 2.0 L of 0.50 M hydrochloric acid solution? (*56 mL H<sub>2</sub>O*)
- (f) 250.0 mL of 0.20 M phosphoric acid is added to 1.00 L of water. What is the molarity of the resulting solution? (*0.040 M H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>*)